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AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1-29. (Canceled)

- 30. (Currently Amended) A method for enhancing intestinal absorption of a drug in an animal, said method comprising administering to the animal:
 - (a) a first population of carrier particles comprising a drug-bioadhesive component a drug, a carrier particle-forming substance and a bioadhesive material; and
 - (b) a second population of carrier particles comprising a penetration enhancer; wherein intestinal tissue is activated by said penetration enhancer prior to the arrival of said drug; and

wherein said first population and second population of carrier particles are administered in a single pharmaceutical formulation; and

wherein said pharmaceutical formulation is prepared by preparing said first population of carrier particles, preparing said second population of carrier particles, and combining said first population of carrier particles with said second population of carrier particles.

- 31. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 30 wherein said first population is prepared as a tablet or multiparticulate formulation.
- 32. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 30 wherein said second population is prepared as a tablet, multiparticulate, emulsion, microemulsion or self-emulsifying system.
- 33. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 30, wherein said drug is selected from the group consisting of protein, peptide, nucleic acid, oligonucleotide, peptide hormone, antibiotic, antimicrobial agent, vasoconstrictor, cardiovascular drug, vasodilator, enzyme, bone metabolism controlling agent, antihistamine, antitussive, expectorant, chemotherapeutic agent, sedative, antidepressant, beta-blocker, analgesic and agiotensin converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitor.
- 34. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 30, wherein said penetration enhancer is selected from the group consisting of fatty acid, bile salt, chelating agent and non-chelating surfactant.
- 35. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 30, wherein a said bioadhesive emponent is selected from the group consisting of polyacrylic polymers, poly(acrylic

: 09/935,316

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Filed

August 22, 2001

acid), tragacanth, cellulose, polyethyleneoxide cellulose derivatives, karya gum, starch, gelatin pectin, latex, chiostatin, sodium alginate and receptor-binding peptide.

- 36. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 33, wherein said oligonucleotide is an antisense oligonucleotide.
- 37. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 33 wherein said oligonucleotide comprises SEQ ID NO:1.
- 38. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 35 wherein said bioadhesive <u>material</u> comprises a polyacrylic polymer.
- 39. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 35 wherein said bioadhesive <u>material</u> further comprises hydroxypropylmethylcellulose.
- 40. (Currently Amended) A method for enhancing intestinal absorption of a drug in an animal, said method comprising administering to the animal:
 - (a) a first population of carrier particles comprising a drug bioadhesive component a drug, a carrier particle-forming substance and a bioadhesive material; and
 - (b) a second population of carrier particles comprising a penetration enhancer; wherein intestinal tissue is activated by said penetration enhancer prior to the

wherein said first population and second population of carrier particles are administered in a single pharmaceutical formulation;

wherein said pharmaceutical formulation is prepared by preparing said first population of carrier particles, preparing said second population of carrier particles, and combining said first population of carrier particles with said second population of carrier particles; and

wherein said first population and second population of carrier particles are released concurrently to said intestinal tissue.

- 41. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 30 wherein said eapsule formulation is not a multicompartment capsule.
- 42. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 40 wherein said <u>eapsule formulation</u> is not a multicompartment capsule.

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: 09/935,316

Filed

August 22, 2001

43. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 30, wherein said first population of carrier particles and said second population of carrier particles are present in a unit dosage form, wherein preparation of said unit dosage form comprises: preparing a first population of carrier particles by combining drug particles comprising said drug and said carrier particle-forming substance with said bioadhesive material to form said first population of carrier particles; preparing a second population of carrier particles comprising a penetration enhancer; and uniformly mixing said first population of carrier particles and said second population of carrier particles to form a single pharmaceutical formulation that is used to make said unit dosage form. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 43, wherein said second population 44. of carrier particles further comprises an enteric coating. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 43, wherein said first population of 45. carrier particles and said second population of carrier particles are mixed with a carrier or excipient. 46. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 43, wherein said unit dosage form is a tablet. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 43, wherein said unit dosage form is 47. a capsule. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 47, wherein said capsule is a single 48.

- 49. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 43, wherein said first population of carrier particles and said second population of carrier particles are released from said unit dosage form concurrently.
- 50. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 40, wherein said first population of carrier particles and said second population of carrier particles are present in a unit dosage, wherein preparation of said unit dosage form comprises:

09/935,316

Filed

August 22, 2001

preparing a first population of carrier particles by combining drug particles comprising said drug and said carrier particle-forming substance with said bioadhesive material to form said first population of carrier particles;

preparing a second population of carrier particles comprising a penetration enhancer; and

<u>uniformly</u>—mixing said first population of carrier particles and said second population of carrier particles to form a single pharmaceutical formulation that is used to make said unit dosage form.

- 51. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 50, wherein said first population of carrier particles and said second population of carrier particles are mixed with a carrier or excipient.
- 52. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 50, wherein said unit dosage form is a tablet.
- 53. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 50, wherein said unit dosage form is a capsule.
- 54. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 53, wherein said capsule is a single compartment capsule.
- 55. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 50, wherein said second population of carrier particles further comprises an enteric coating.
- 56. (New) A method for enhancing intestinal absorption of a drug in an animal, said method comprising administering to the animal a unit dosage form containing a pharmaceutical formulation, said formulation comprising:
 - (a) a first population of carrier particles comprising a drug and a bioadhesive material; and
 - (b) a second population of carrier particles comprising a penetration enhancer;

wherein said pharmaceutical formulation is prepared by preparing said first population of carrier particles by combining said drug and said bioadhesive material, preparing said second population of carrier particles, and combining said first population of carrier particles with said second population of carrier particles; and

Appl. No. Filed

09/935,316 August 22, 2001

wherein intestinal tissue is activated by said penetration enhancer prior to the arrival of said drug.